## Autumn 2 - Music (Tempo)

## Knowledge I know...

- Tempo means fast and slow.
- Pulse is a steady beat like a ticking clock or your heartbeat. It can be measured in time by counting the number of beats per minute (BPM)
- Rhythm is the pattern of long and short sounds as you move through the song.
- Drum, cymbal and maracas are all examples of untuned instruments.


## Skills I can

- Sing an increasing range of songs, chants and rhymes
- Identify the pulse
- Respond to fast and slow (tempo).
- Remember short songs
- Clap the pulse or rhythm to a song.
- Sing songs and use body percussion
- Play instruments in different ways
- Sort instruments into wooden, metal, skinned and string

Links back to I remember...

- Singing songs about my family and the diamond jubilee
- Using instruments
- $\quad$ Singing seasonal songs in assembly


## Vocabulary:

Images:
Instrument: a device used to produce music.
Pulse: a steady beat like a ticking clock or your heartbeat. It can be measured in time by counting the number of beats per minute (BPM).
Rhythm: the pattern of long and short sounds as you move through a song.
Tempo: how fast or slow something is happening.
Untuned: have no notes of definite pitch.

fast

## Spring 1- Music (Pitch and Dynamics)

## Knowledge I know...

- Pitch means how high or low a musical tone is
- Dynamics means the volume of parts if music
- Shakers, bells, wood blocks, claves, tambors, tambourines, drums, triangles are all examples of untuned instruments
- Instruments make different sounds when played in different ways


## Skills I can...

Links back to I remember..

- Sing songs, chants and rhymes.
- Recognise high and low sounds.
- Rehearse and perform with others.
- Identify and respond to loud and quiet (dynamics).
- Identify and respond to low and high (pitch)
- Accompany a chant or song by clapping or playing the pulse or rhythm.
- Play instruments in different ways
- Tempo means fast and slow.
- Pulse is a steady beat like a ticking clock or your heartbeat.
- Rhythm is the pattern of long and short sounds as you move through the song.
- Drum, cymbal and maracas are all examples of untuned instruments.


## Vocabulary:

Chant: a repeated phrase, typically shouted or sung together
Dynamics: the volume of parts of music (loud and soft)
instrument: a device used to produce music.
Pitch: how high or low a musical tone is
Pulse: a steady beat like a ticking clock or your heartbeat. It can be measured in time by counting the number of beats per minute (BPM).
Rehearse: recite out loud and say again
Rhyme: when the ending parts of two words sound the same or nearly the same

Images:



Drum
Low pitch sound

## Summer 1 - Music (Tempo, Pitch and Duration)

Knowledge I know...

- Duration means how long or short a note or piece of music is.
- Pitch means how high or low a note or sound is.
- A tuned instrument is an instrument that can produce a specific pitch.
- A glockenspiel and a xylophone are tuned instruments.
- Chime bars are a tuned instrument.

- Identify long and short sounds
- Identify high and low sounds.
- Create long and short sounds using my voice, body percussion and tuned instruments. Create high and low sounds using my voice, body percussion and tuned instruments.
- Tempo means how fast or slow and piece of music is
- Some untuned instruments e.g. tambourine, bells
- Using body percussion and my voice to show fast and slow.
- Sorting instruments into fast and slow.
- Performing


## Images:

Tempo: is how fast or slow a note or piece of music is
Untuned: not able to produce a specific pitch.
Tuned: an instrument that can produce a specific pitch.
Body percussion: using the body to produce different types of sound
Duration: how long or short a note or piece of music is.
Pitch: how low or high a note or sound is.

## Duration




